Cambridge International AS & A Level

Cambridge International Examinations
Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

PSYCHOLOGY **9698/23**

Paper 2 Core Studies 2 **May/June 2014**

1 hour 30 minutes

No Additional Materials are required.



READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

An answer booklet is provided inside this question paper. You should follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet. If you need additional answer paper ask the invigilator for a continuation booklet.

Answer **both** questions in Section A.
Answer **one** question in Section B.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

This document consists of **3** printed pages, **1** blank page and **1** insert.

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Section A (50 marks)

Answer **both** questions in this section.

1 Veale and Riley carried out a self report questionnaire to investigate mirror gazing. An alternative way to investigate mirror gazing in body dysmorphic disorder (BDD) patients is to do an observation.

(a) Describe the observational method. [5]

(b) Design an alternative way to investigate mirror gazing in BDD patients using the observational method and describe how it could be conducted. [10]

(c) Evaluate this alternative way of studying mirror gazing in BDD patients in methodological and practical terms. [10]

2 Bandura et al. investigated aggressive behaviour in children.

(a) What is meant by the 'nature-nurture debate' in psychology? [2]

(b) Describe one finding from the study that supports the nurture side of the debate. [3]

(c) Discuss the strengths and weaknesses of investigating the nature-nurture debate using the Bandura et al. study as an example. [10]

(d) Discuss the extent to which the Bandura et al. study can be applied to everyday life. [10]

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Section B (20 marks)

Answer **one** question in this section.

3 **(a)** Outline what is meant by the 'social approach' in psychology. [2]

Using the studies from the list below, answer the questions which follow:

Milgram (obedience)
Piliavin et al. (subway Samaritans)
Tajfel (intergroup categorisation)

(b) Describe how the data were collected in each of these studies. [9]

(c) What advantages may psychologists have when they investigate social processes? [9]

4 **(a)** Outline what is meant by the 'physiological approach' in psychology. [2]

Using the studies from the list below, answer the questions which follow:

Dement and Kleitman (sleep and dreaming)
Demattè et al. (smells and facial attractiveness)
Schachter and Singer (emotion)

(b) Describe the physiological processes investigated in each of these studies. [9]

(c) What problems may psychologists have when they investigate physiological processes? [9]

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